



Clinical and metabolic imaging characterization of late-onset Posterior Cortical Atrophy.

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Our study aimed at exploring the *neuropsychological* and *FDG-PET imaging features* of late-onset Posterior Cortical Atrophy (PCA), the 'visuospatial variant' of Alzheimer's Disease (AD)¹, compared with presenile PCA.



Methods:

• Signs and symptoms of PCA were rated as present/absent, used for defining PCA variants, and compared, in terms of prevalence, between the two study groups via chi-square analysis, with a significance threshold p < 0.05

• PET scans were analyzed semiquantitatively using SPM8, and compared for each of the two PCA groups with scans from a pool of 30 healthy elderly controls via t-test analysis

RESULTS:



• No difference in disease duration, MMSE score or sex distribution • NO difference for visuospatial deficits, Gerstmann symptoms, visual agnosia, alexia, apraxia or neglect



1. LOWER PREVALENCE OF BIPARIETAL VARIANT

0% **EoPCA** LoPCA

2. HIGHER PREVALENCE OF OCCIPITO-TEMPORAL VARIANT 2. LESS BALINT-HOLMES SYMPTOMS AND VISUAL FIELD DEFECTS

Hypometabolism on FDG-PET:

- **EoPCA** < healthy controls
- 1. T-P region
- 2. Precuneus
- 3. Parahippocampal gyrus
- Left > right

LoPCA < healthy controls

- 1. T-O-P region
- 2. Precuneus
- 3. Parahippocampal gyrus
- Highly asymmetric, right

References:



CONCLUSIONS:

• The occipitotemporal (visual agnosic) variant appeared to be more typical of LoPCA, whereas the biparietal (simultanagnosic) variant, but also the presence of visual field defects, seemed more typical of EoPCA

• Metabolic imaging data suggested major involvement of the right hemisphere in late-onset patients

• Presenile and senile forms of AD show neurobiological and clinical differences³. Our study confirmed and identified such differences for the posterior variant of the disease.

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- 3. Koedam ELGE, Lauffer V, Van Der Vlies AE, et al. Early-versus late-onset Alzheimer's disease: more than age alone. J Alzheimer's Dis 2010; 19:1401-8.









